



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

*Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien—Cases of yellow fever at Isabela de Sagua serious.*

MATANZAS, CUBA, September 19, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command for the week ended September 15, 1900:

*Matanzas.*—Thirteen deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 14.98 per 1,000. The principal causes of death were as follows: Tuberculosis, 6; enteritis, 1; pernicious fever, 1; infantile tetanus, 1; other causes, 4. One case of typhoid fever was reported during the week. Five vessels arrived during the week; 3 of these were inspected and passed and 2 passed without inspection. Four bills of health were issued to foreign vessels. The Spanish brig *Maria Teresa*, bound for Savannah, Ga., was disinfected on the 15th instant at this port. Ninety-two health certificates were issued to persons leaving the island. Fourteen immune certificates were issued to laborers employed by the Munson boats at ports on the north coast of the island for discharging cargoes. Fifty-five pieces of baggage were inspected and passed and 44 pieces disinfected. Nineteen bundles of clothes and bedding were disinfected belonging to the Spanish brig *Maria Teresa*.

*Cardenas.*—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 5 deaths occurred in Cardenas during the week of the following causes: Enteritis, 1; atresia, 1; bronchitis, 1; senility, 1; cancer, 1. No cases of infectious or contagious character were reported. The death rate during the week was 10.50 per 1,000. Five coasting vessels arrived during the week. No bill of health was issued during the week.

*Isabela de Sagua.*—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports that the death rate during the week was 28.16 per 1,000. One foreign vessel was inspected and passed on arrival, 2 bills of health were issued to foreign vessels, and 9 certificates of inspection issued to coasting vessels. The 2 cases of yellow fever reported on the 16th instant are of serious character. Both are Spaniards. All precautions have been taken to isolate the cases.

*Caibarien.*—Acting Asst. Surg. Leoncio Junco reports that the sanitary condition of port and town is good, malarial fever being the prevalent disease. Four vessels arrived and were passed without inspection. One bill of health was issued to a foreign vessel and 3 certificates of inspection to coasting vessels.

Respectfully;

G. M. GUITÉRAS,

*Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.*

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

*U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.*

*Reports from Nuevitas and subports.*

NUEVITAS, CUBA, September 18, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended September 15, 1900:

*Nuevitas.*—During this week 5 vessels have arrived and 7 bills of health have been issued. Only 1 death has occurred, and no quarantinable disease has been reported nor is known to exist in this town. The weather continues to be hot, with occasional heavy showers.

*Reports of substations.*

*Puerto Padre.*—Arrivals, 7; bills of health, 6; death, 1; fair sanitary condition of port and surroundings.

*Gibara.*—Arrivals, 8; bills of health, 9; deaths, 3; no quarantinable diseases.

*Banes.*—Arrivals, 1; bills of health, 1; deaths, 2.

*Mayari.*—No report.

*Baracoa.*—Arrivals, 6; bills of health, 4; deaths, 3; sanitary condition, good.

Respectfully,

OWEN W. STONE,

*Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.*

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

*U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.*

*Reports from Santiago, Manzanillo, Guantanamo, and Daiquiri.*

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, *September 13, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the fourth quarantine division of the island of Cuba under my command for the week ended September 8, 1900:

*Santiago.*—During this period there was a total of 13 deaths reported, an increase of 1 over that of the previous week, making the death rate 15.72 per 1,000. The chief causes of death were: Tuberculosis, 4; malarial fever, 1; pneumonia, 2; entero colitis, 1; other causes, 5; total, 13.

On September 4, 1900, the U. S. A. transport *McPherson* arrived with Cuban teachers aboard destined for this port and Manzanillo.

September 5, 1900, 49 certificates were issued to passengers destined for New York, embarking on the U. S. A. transport *McPherson*; 4 certificates were issued to passengers going to Manzanillo on this same transport. Baggage of passengers for the States was treated according to destination.

The sanitary condition and health of the city remain good. It rained continuously during this week. The rainfall reported by the weather bureau was 36.2 inches for the seven days.

*Manzanillo.*—Acting Asst. Surg. R. de Socarras reports 2 deaths, the causes being: Rheumatism, 1; heart disease, 1; total, 2. Population, 14,464; death rate, 7.19. Very little sickness is reported.

*Guantanamo.*—Acting Asst. Surg. Luis Espin reports 9 deaths, the chief causes being: Pertussis, 1; meningitis, 1; pernicious malarial fever, 1; tuberculosis, 1; enteritis, 2; other causes, 3; total, 9. Population, 18,000; death rate, 26.

*Daiquiri.*—Acting Asst. Surg. Juan J. de Jongh reports nothing of interest.

Respectfully,

R. H. VON EZDORF,

*Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.*

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

*U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.*